

## **General Terms and Conditions**

### **for Shipbrokers in Germany**

**(as of September 2025)**

#### **§ 1 Scope of application and conclusion of contract**

- (1) These General Terms and Conditions (hereinafter referred to as "**GTC**") apply to every legal relationship (hereinafter referred to as "**Contract**") between the contractor (hereinafter referred to as "**Shipbroker**"), a member company of the Zentralverband Deutscher Schiffsmakler e.V. (Central Association of German Ship Agents), and any commercial contractual partner who uses the services of the Shipbroker (hereinafter referred to as the "**Client**"), regardless of whether the Shipbroker is commissioned on a one-off or ongoing basis. In addition, the First Book, Part Eight of the German Commercial Code (HGB) (commercial brokers) applies, unless otherwise specified in these GTC.
- (2) Any terms and conditions of the Client that deviate from these GTC shall not be valid, even if the Shipbroker does not separately object to them. Deviating terms and conditions shall only become part of the Contract if the Shipbroker has expressly agreed to their inclusion.
- (3) These GTC, regardless of whether they are used in modified or unmodified form or content, shall not apply and shall be deemed null and void if the Shipbroker using them is not a member of the Zentralverband Deutscher Schiffsmakler e.V. or its member associations. An updated list of members can be found on the homepage of the Zentralverband Deutscher Schiffsmakler e.V. (zvds.de).
- (4) All offers made by the Shipbroker shall remain non-binding until final commissioning, unless otherwise agreed in writing.

#### **§ 2 Scope of the Commission, rights and obligations**

- (1) The scope of the Shipbroker's services under the Contract shall be determined individually and freely agreed between the Shipbroker and the Client.
- (2) Unless otherwise agreed under paragraph 1, the Shipbroker shall act as an independent commercial broker on behalf of the Client for the arrangement of freight contracts or voyage charter parties for the carriage of goods by inland waterways or sea, as well as time charter parties for vessels.

- (3) Unless expressly agreed otherwise, the Shipbroker shall conclude contracts with third parties exclusively as an agent on behalf of and for the account of the Client. Except in the cases specified in § 10 (2), the Shipbroker shall not be liable for breaches of duty arising from the brokered contracts.
- (4) The Shipbroker shall be entitled, at their sole discretion, to take any actions deemed necessary for the execution of the Contract, particularly in cases where instructions are insufficient or time constraints prevent obtaining further guidance. Such actions shall be carried out at the risk and expense of the Client, notwithstanding § 10 (2).
- (5) The Shipbroker shall be entitled, but not obligated, to provide financial guarantees or sureties to third parties on behalf of the Client, or to make payments for which the Client has not provided advance funds or other security that the Shipbroker, at their reasonable discretion, considers sufficient.
- (6) Neither the Commission nor the GTC impose any obligation on the Shipbroker to perform certain actions or achieve certain results. Any services shall be carried out exclusively at his own discretion and within the scope of normal brokerage services. The Shipbroker is not subject to any prohibition on dual services. There are no obligations to disclose or provide information regarding any dual activities.

### **§ 3 Instructions, provision of Information and liability for Information provided by the Client**

- (1) The Client shall provide the Shipbroker with all necessary instructions for the proper performance of his services.
- (2) The Client is obliged to provide the Shipbroker with all information, documents, brochures, specifications, technical data and drawings, plans, descriptions, photos, certificates, contractual specifications, official requirements, instructions and other relevant details (hereinafter collectively referred to as "**Information**") in a complete, correct and timely manner. This applies in particular to changes or additions to such Information as soon as they become known to the Client. The Client shall promptly inform the Shipbroker if it becomes apparent that the Client is likely to be able or willing to enter into transactions only to a significantly lesser extent than the Shipbroker could reasonably expect under normal circumstances.
- (3) The Shipbroker is not obliged to check the Information provided by the Client for accuracy, completeness, plausibility or timeliness. Any corresponding obligation to review is expressly excluded.
- (4) The Shipbroker shall not be liable for any damage, delays, additional expenses or other disadvantages attributable to inaccurate, incomplete, delayed or untimely Information or instructions provided by the Client or third parties commissioned by the Client, notwithstanding § 10 (2).

#### **§ 4 No obligation to check Information provided by the contractual partner**

- (1) The Shipbroker does not guarantee the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of Information provided to them by the Client's contractual partner or a third party engaged by the Client.
- (2) The Shipbroker shall not be obligated to verify any information provided by the Client's contractual partner or by third parties engaged by the Client. Any duty to conduct such verification—particularly with respect to technical, economic, legal, or factual matters—is expressly excluded.
- (3) § 10 (2) remains unaffected by this provision.

#### **§ 5 Power of representation**

- (1) The Shipbroker is authorised and empowered to take all measures deemed necessary for the performance of the Contract, including, in particular, the conclusion of agreements with third parties on behalf of and for the account of the Client, under customary terms. For this purpose, the Shipbroker holds the requisite power of attorney to act on the Client's behalf. This authorisation expressly includes, but is not limited to, all transactions referenced in § 2 (1) and (2) concerning Shipbrokers.
- (2) The Shipbroker is exempt from the restrictions of Section 181 of the German Civil Code (BGB).

#### **§ 6 Authority to collect**

The Shipbroker shall be entitled, but not obligated, to collect claims of the Client against third parties and to accept payments from third parties on behalf of the Client. The Shipbroker may remit amounts collected in foreign currency to the Client in euros, applying the exchange rate valid on the day of payment.

#### **§ 7 Final note from the Shipbroker**

- (1) Unless otherwise agreed between the Client and the Shipbroker, the Shipbroker is not obliged to prepare and submit a Final Note within the meaning of Section 94 HGB (German Commercial Code).
- (2) If the Client and the Shipbroker have agreed on the preparation and transmission of a Final Note, contract summary, fixture note, charter confirmation, recap or a comparable document (hereinafter referred to as "**Final Note**"), this shall be sufficient in text form. A handwritten signature by both parties is not required.

- (3) Any objections or deviations regarding the content of the Final Note must be communicated by the Client in writing without undue delay, at the latest within a period of 3 calendar days after receipt.

### **§ 8 Remuneration, reimbursement of expenses**

- (1) The Shipbroker shall receive remuneration for his services, subject to free agreement between the Parties, unless there is a collective agreement or statutory obligation provides otherwise.
- (2) Unless otherwise agreed, the Shipbroker's claim for remuneration shall arise upon conclusion of the transaction, regardless of its actual execution.
- (3) For all financial guarantees, sureties or advances made by the Shipbroker on behalf of the Client, the Shipbroker shall also be entitled to payment of a commission of at least 5% p.a. of the nominal value of the respective payment.
- (4) All costs incurred in connection with bank transfers from, to or on behalf of the Client shall be borne by the Client.
- (5) In addition to their entitlement to remuneration and commission, the Shipbroker shall have the right to reimbursement from the Client for all expenses reasonably incurred in the execution of the Contract, at the Shipbroker's discretion.
- (6) The Shipbroker may demand reasonable advance payment for expenses within the meaning of paragraph 5.
- (7) If the Shipbroker's remuneration claim has not been agreed in a specific currency, the Shipbroker may demand payment either in the currency of the transaction from which his remuneration (e.g. commission) is derived or in euros at the daily exchange rate on the date of invoicing to the Client. The Shipbroker may demand reimbursement for expenses either in the currency in which they were incurred or in euros at the daily exchange rate on the date of invoicing to the Client. Commission claims for services in accordance with paragraph 3 shall be made in the currency of the service provided.
- (8) The Shipbroker's payment claims are due upon receipt of the Shipbroker's invoice by the Client. Receipt of the invoice by electronic means is sufficient for this purpose.
- (9) Payment claims of the Shipbroker that are not settled by the Client within 21 days of the invoice date shall bear interest at a rate of 9 percentage points above the applicable base rate from the invoice date.
- (10) In the absence of an agreement between the Shipbroker and the Client regarding which party to the negotiated contract(s) shall bear the remuneration, the Shipbroker shall be entitled to claim the full remuneration from each party.

### **§ 9 Off-set, right of retention, lien**

- (1) The Shipbroker shall be entitled to satisfy their claims at any time after they become due by offsetting them against any claims of the Client. In particular, the Shipbroker may offset such claims against funds collected on behalf of the Client.
- (2) The Shipbroker shall also be entitled to satisfy any due claims (e.g., freight charges) from funds collected or held on behalf of the Client, including funds held in relation to companies in which the Client holds a direct or indirect majority interest, or which hold a direct or indirect majority interest in the Client. In addition, the Shipbroker shall have a right of retention.
- (3) In addition to any statutory rights of retention or lien to which the Shipbroker may be entitled, the Parties agree that the Shipbroker shall have a contractual lien over all assets of the Client that are in the Shipbroker's possession or come into their possession, regardless of the legal basis or the time at which the claims arose.
- (4) Upon the due date of any claim, and if the Client fails to make full payment within 30 days of receiving a written reminder that includes a deadline of at least 20 days and a warning of potential sale, the Shipbroker may, at their discretion, sell the pledged items either privately or by public auction, unless the Client provides alternative security deemed sufficient by the Shipbroker.

### **§ 10 Liability of the Shipbroker**

- (1) The Shipbroker shall perform their duties with the diligence of a prudent businessperson and shall exercise due care in the selection of individuals engaged to fulfil their contractual obligations.
- (2) Claims for damages or reimbursement of expenses by the Client against the Shipbroker, its corporate bodies, employees, or other vicarious agents are excluded, unless such claims arise from:
  - a. an intentional or grossly negligent breach of duty,
  - b. a culpable breach of duty resulting in injury to life, body, or health,
  - c. a breach of a guarantee regarding the existence of a specific characteristic, or
  - d. a culpable breach of essential contractual obligations. Essential contractual obligations (cardinal obligations) are those whose fulfilment is fundamental to the proper execution of the contract governed by these terms and conditions, and upon which the Client regularly relies.
- (3) In the event of a breach of essential contractual obligations under § 10 (2)(d), the Shipbroker's liability shall be limited to foreseeable damages typical for this type of contract. This limitation shall not apply in cases of intent or gross negligence (§ 10

(2)(a)), injury to life, body, or health (§ 10 (2)(b)), or where the Shipbroker has assumed a guarantee for the existence of a specific characteristic (§ 10 (2)(c)). Damage is deemed foreseeable if its occurrence can typically be expected in the event of a breach of the respective contractual obligation.

- (4) The risk of incomplete, incorrect, or delayed transmission of information between the Client and the Shipbroker—particularly when using postal or electronic communication—shall be borne by the Client. This shall not apply in cases falling under § 10 (2)(a) to (d).
- (5) The provisions of paragraphs 2 to 4 shall not result in a reversal of the burden of proof to the detriment of the Client.

### **§ 11 Special liability for freight forwarding services**

- (1) Where the Shipbroker provides freight forwarding services in connection with their commission, liability in this respect shall be governed by the provisions of the General German Freight Forwarding Conditions 2017 (ADSp 2017). These conditions include limitations of liability that deviate from statutory provisions. In particular, Clause 23 of the ADSp 2017 limits liability for damage to goods under Section 431 of the German Commercial Code (HGB) to 8.33 units of account per kilogram, capped at €1.25 million per claim or €2.5 million per loss event, or 2 units of account per kilogram — whichever is higher. For multimodal transport involving sea carriage where the place of damage is unknown, liability is limited to 2 units of account per kilogram.
- (2) For the purposes of this § 11, the term unit of account refers to the Special Drawing Right (SDR) as defined by the International Monetary Fund.
- (3) Upon request, the Shipbroker shall promptly and free of charge provide the Client with a written copy of the ADSp 2017.

### **§ 12 Limitation period**

All claims against the Shipbroker, its organs, its employees or other vicarious agents, regardless of their legal basis, shall become time-barred within one year, calculated from the relevant statutory commencement of the limitation period, provided that none of the liability cases specified in § 10 (2) letters a. to d. apply.

### **§ 13 Embargoes and sanctions**

- (1) The Client warrants that the transaction in connection with which the Shipbroker is commissioned does not violate any legal provisions, in particular economic, trade or financial sanctions, which must be observed by the Shipbroker (hereinafter referred to as "**Prohibitions**"), and that neither he himself nor his employees, organs, shareholders and beneficial owners are listed on a sanctions list maintained by the European Union or the United Nations.

- (2) The Client is obliged to provide the Shipbroker with all information and documents (in particular proof of identity, extracts from the commercial register, lists of shareholders, freight documents, etc.) in a suitable form that are necessary for verifying the information provided by the Client under paragraph 1 or for any further (sanctions) checks that may become necessary.
- (3) The Shipbroker is entitled to refuse to conclude a contract or provide a service owed until the aforementioned information and documents have been provided to them in full and in a suitable form.
- (4) The Shipbroker is not obliged to conclude contracts or provide services that violate Prohibitions or in respect of which the Shipbroker has reasonable grounds to suspect a violation.
- (5) In the cases referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4, the Shipbroker shall be entitled to reimbursement from the Client for all expenses incurred in connection with the Commission, regardless of whether the Contract was not executed or not executed in full. § 10 (2) remains unaffected.
- (6) The Shipbroker shall be entitled to withdraw from the Contract with the Client in whole or in part with immediate effect if the Client violates Prohibitions or such a violation is sufficiently probable or the Client himself, his employees, organs, shareholders or beneficial owners are listed on a sanctions list maintained by the European Union or the United Nations.

#### **§ 14 Dangerous goods**

The Client must inform the Shipbroker immediately and in good time in writing if, within the scope of the Commission, items or goods require special handling during receipt, loading, storage, transport or delivery, or are subject to approval or reporting obligations. This applies in particular to dangerous goods according to the IMDG Code.

#### **§ 15 Confidentiality**

The Shipbroker shall only treat Information and data of the Client as confidential if the Client has expressly designated it as confidential in writing.

#### **§ 16 Text form**

Changes and legally relevant declarations or notifications relating to the Contract and these GTC (e.g., setting of deadlines, reminders, withdrawal) must be made in text form. This includes both written and electronic formats (e.g., letter, email, fax). Statutory formal requirements and any obligation to provide further evidence—particularly in cases of doubt regarding the authority of the declarant—remain unaffected.

## **§ 17 Place of jurisdiction and applicable law**

- (1) Any disputes between the Shipbroker and the Client arising from or in connection with the Contract shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the competent state court at the location of the Shipbroker's registered office.

This jurisdiction shall be deemed additional, rather than exclusive, within the scope of application of Article 31 CMR or Article 46 § 1 CIM. Sentence 1 shall not apply where other places of jurisdiction are provided under Article 39 CMR, Article 33 MC99, or Article 28 WC, nor where mandatory statutory provisions establish a different jurisdiction.

- (2) As an alternative to the jurisdiction agreed in paragraph 1, the Shipbroker may, at their discretion, bring legal action before the state court at the Client's general place of jurisdiction in individual cases.
- (3) The commission of the Shipbroker shall be governed exclusively by German law, even where services are performed wholly or partially outside Germany.

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